

| Apples, Pears, Stone Fruit |

Early-Season Use on Apples, Pears and Stone Fruit

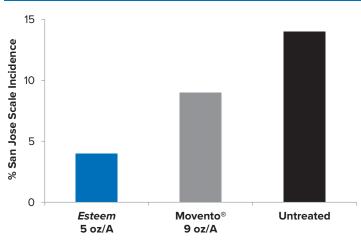
Esteem® 35 WP Insect Growth Regulator is the product of choice for early-season pest management programs. As an organophosphate (OP) replacement, *Esteem* controls San Jose scale, rosy apple aphid, first generation codling moth, pear psylla and leafminers with a farm-friendlier chemistry that does not disrupt natural enemies of the key pests or trigger cholinesterase testing for applicators.

Esteem delivers:

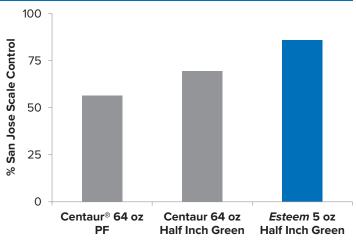
- ▶ Long-Lasting—protection that affects all life stages of pests for longer-lasting control
- **Effective** control of San Jose and Lecanium scales, first generation pear psylla, rosy apple aphid, leafrollers, spotted tentiform leafminer and first-generation codling moth
- ▶ **Soft Chemistry**—non-OP chemistry that's easy on beneficial insects and the environment

Esteem 35 WP San Jose Scale Control on Apples

Better San Jose scale control with one application of *Esteem* and more marketable fruit that will save time and money







Source: Harvey Reissig, New York State Exp. Station, Geneva, NY

How To Use

Rate	4–5 oz/A		
Timing	See Timing Flexibility chart on page 2. Do not use more than two <i>Esteem</i> applications per season.		
Method	Ground air blast equipment		
Spray Volume	Minimum 50 gal/A; good coverage is essential		
Adjuvant	Superior spray oil at 1–2% for applications made later than delayed-dormant		



Timing Flexibility

Because of its unique activity, mode of action and pest spectrum, *Esteem* provides greater application timing flexibility than early-season OP chemistries, and it can be used at any two of the following four application timing choices:

Timing	Crop	Pests	Special Instructions
No. 1 Delayed- Dormant-Pink	Apple	Leafminers	Apply at peak moth flight for control of 1st or 2nd generation. This usually occurs at pre-pink to pink apple stage for 1st generation and 2nd cover for 2nd generation.
	Apple	Rosy Apple Aphid	Apply at ½-inch green apple growth stage
	Apple Pear Stone Fruit	San Jose Scale	Thorough coverage is critical to control
No. 2 Petal-Fall and In-Season	Apple Pear	Coding Moth	Apply at Biofix plus 100 degree days
	Apple Pear	Leafrollers	For suppression of summer generation, target 4th–6th instar larvae or about 550–650 pandemis leafroller degree days or 250–300 obliquebanded leafroller degree days
	Apple Pear Stone Fruit	San Jose Scale	Thorough coverage is critical to control. For control inseason, time sprays when scale crawlers first emerge. Use with a superior oil for added control.
No. 3 (West of the Rockies)	Apple Pear	Codling Moth	Biofix plus 350 codling moth degree days. This is the timing for the delayed first cover if an ovicide is used at Biofix plus 50–150 degree days (<i>Esteem</i>) or at Biofix plus 200 degree days (1% oil). This strategy calls for a tank mix of an ovicide (<i>Esteem</i>) plus a larvicide.
No. 3 (East of the Rockies)	Apple Pear	Codling Moth	To control 1st generation, apply at Biofix plus 100 degree days and 2nd application 14–21 days later
No. 4 Pre- and Post Bloom	Pear	Pear Psylla	Esteem has ovicidal activity against pear psylla eggs. For optimum results, two applications bracketing bloom (clusterbud and petal-fall) are recommended. Esteem should be applied just prior to peak viable egg lay. Delayed-dormant applications of oil and/or Surround® will improve the ovicidal activity of Esteem by both delaying and synchronizing psylla egg lay. There must be at least 14 days between Esteem applications.

